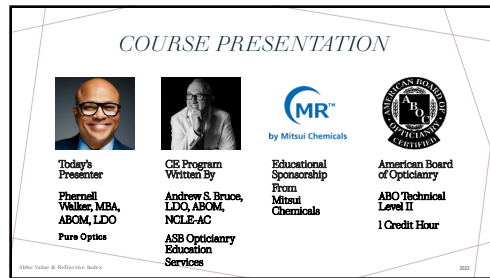
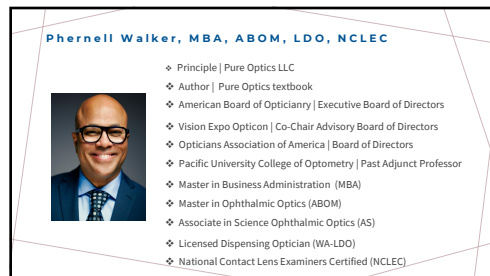


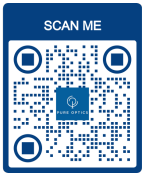
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SCAN ME

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w: pure-optics.com
e: phernell@pure-optics.com

4

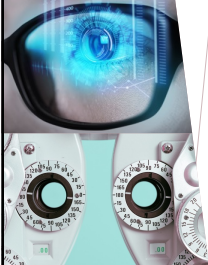
REFERENCE RESOURCE

Pure Optics

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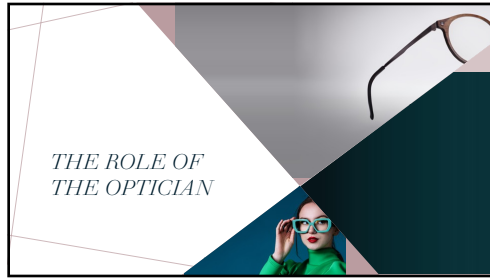
5



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

1. Provide an overview of the science of light and ophthalmic optics
2. Define and discuss Abbe value and its relationship to dispersion and refractive index
3. Explore techniques to assist selection of the most appropriate lens material, based on refractive error and its complexity
4. Discuss ways to present different lens materials to patients, together with pros and cons for each.

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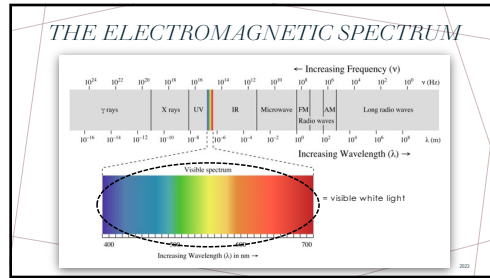
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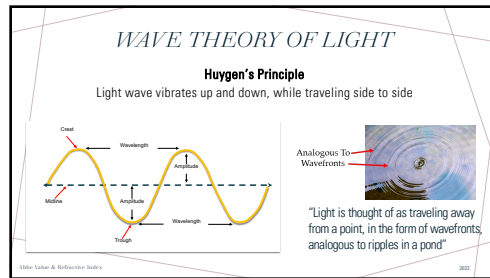
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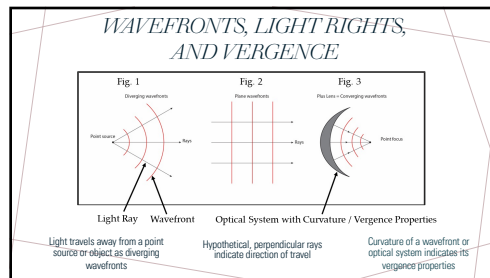
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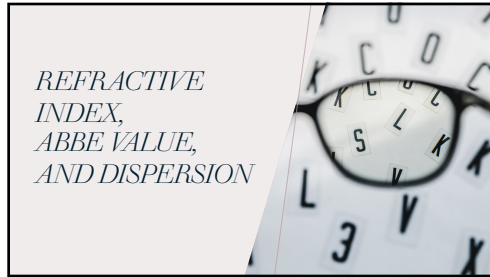
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REFRACTIVE INDEX

Refractive Index, $n = \frac{\text{Speed of light in a vacuum, } c}{\text{Speed of light in second medium, } v}$

LENS MATERIAL	REFRACTIVE INDEX
CR39	1.498
Crown Glass	1.520
Polycarbonate	1.586
Trivex	1.53
MR-8™	1.60
MR-10™	1.67
MR-174™	1.74

Refractive Index: Ratio between speed of light in air to speed of light in a second medium (in U.S. 589.56nm)

- Refractive index is a measure of its refractive properties
- Higher refractive indices = thinner lens (all else considered equal)

Abbe Value & Refractive Index 202

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HOW THIN WILL MY LENSES BE?

Curve Variation Factor

$CVF = (n_1 - 1) / (n_2 - 1)$

n_1 = index of initial material n_2 = index of compared material

Lens Material	Percentage Thinner Compared to CR39 (n1 1.498)
Trivex	6% Thinner
Polycarbonate	15% Thinner
MR-8™/MR-95™ (1.60)	17% Thinner
MR-10™ (1.67)	26% Thinner
MR-174™ (1.74)	33% Thinner

Abbe Value & Refractive Index 202

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GEOMETRY OF LIGHT

"Opticians seek to control light. We can slow it down, redirect it, capture it, disperse it, and even compress it. But only temporarily"

Phernell Walker, MBA, ABOM, LDO

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REFRACTIVE INDEX DEFINED & IMPLICATIONS

- **Refractive index** - the ratio between lights velocity in air, compared to lights velocity in another transparent substrate
- **Relevance** - determines the materials efficiency at refracting light
- **Implication** - higher values equals greater efficiency and thinner lenses

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REFRACTIVE INDEX FORMULA

Refractive Index - The ratio between the velocity of light through air compared to that of the new medium.

$$n = 186,000 / \text{velocity of light in a medium}$$

Example:
The speed of light through water is 139,849 miles per second
What is the refractive index of water?

$n = 186,000 / 139,849$
 $n = 1.33$

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REFRACTIVE INDEX OF WATER

Light's velocity in air
186,000 mps

Impedes to
139,849 mps

Water

Velocity of Light

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ERNEST ABBE

- Lived (1840 – 1905)
- German physicist
- Microscope magnification limits
- Formulated the Abbe sine condition
- Measured chromatism

Source: Cambridge

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ABERRATION

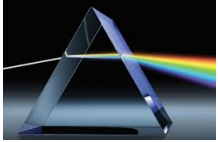
Aberration is the failure of lens system to bring light rays to a single focal point

- Imperfect image
- Chromatic vs. monochromatic
- substrate material
- lens index
- lens geometry
- mirror
- human eye

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ABBE VALUE & DISPERSION

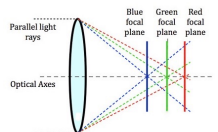


- What is dispersion, why does it take place?
- Dispersion: "Breaking up of white light into it's component, or spectral colors"; BAD!
- A material's Abbe value determines its dispersion properties
- Abbe Value: "The relationship of material indices at specific reference wavelengths"
- Dispersive properties are inversely related to Abbe Value
- High abbe value = low dispersion; GOOD!
- High dispersion presents as increased chromatic aberration

Abbe Value & Refractive Index 2023

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CHROMATIC ABERRATION



Definition

- An optical system focusing error
- Spectral components focused different distances from the lens

Cause

- Low Abbe value

Result

- Color fringes around images seen through lens periphery
- Visually distracting

Abbe Value & Refractive Index 2023

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ABBE VALUE & REFRACTIVE INDEX

LENS MATERIAL	REFRACTIVE INDEX	ABBE VALUE
CR39	1.498	58
Crown Glass	1.530	59
Polycarbonate	1.586	30
Trivex	1.53	45
MR-8™	1.60	41
MR-10™	1.67	31
MR-174™	1.74	32

- How are Abbe value and refractive index related?
- Generally, increasing refractive index results in a decreased Abbe Value
- Increased potential for chromatic aberration

Abbe Value & Refractive Index 2023

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LONGITUDINAL CHROMATIC ABERRATION

Longitudinal = FF (blue light) - FC (red light)

- Dioptric Difference

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LONGITUDINAL CHROMATIC ABERRATION

Longitudinal = D / v

- D = lens dioptric power
- v = Abbe value

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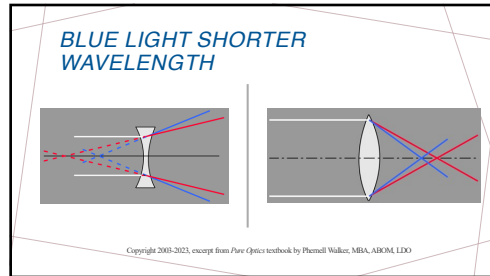
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TRANSVERSE CHROMATIC ABERRATION (TCA)

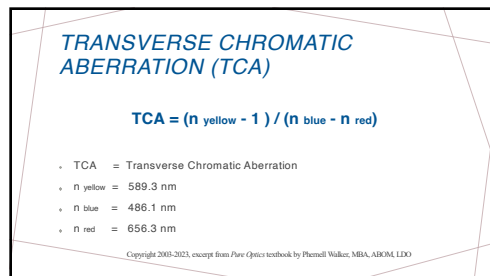
- **TCA** - components of light refract at different distances through the same lens
- **Chromatic aberration (chromatism)** - results in a noticeable color shift towards the edges of objects

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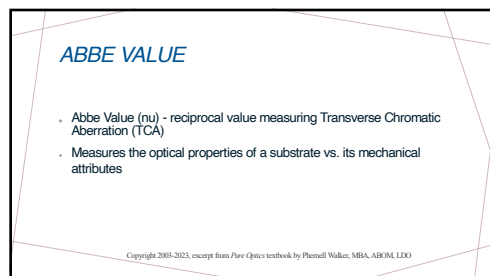
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TRANSVERSE / LATERAL CHROMATIC ABERRATION

- **TCA** - measures the optical properties of a substrate vs. its mechanical attributes. TCA measures chromatism
- **LCA** - measures the amount of chroma in prism diopters in the periphery

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LATERAL CHROMATIC ABERRATION (LCA)

$LCA = P / Abbe$

- LCA = Lateral Chromatic Aberration
- P = (hcm) (D) @ given meridian
- Abbe = Material's V value

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CALCULATE LCA

$LCA = P / Abbe$

- Calculate the LCA of 1.74_n @ 23mm
- Rx: -8.00 DS
- Abbe: 32

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CALCULATE LCA

LCA = 18.4 / 32

- ◊ Substrate = 1.74_n @ 23 mm
- ◊ P = -8.00 x 2.3 cm
- ◊ Abbe = 32
- ◊ LCA = 0.58[▲] D

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CALCULATE LCA

LCA = P / Abbe

- ◊ Calculate the LCA of 1.586_n @ 23mm
- ◊ Rx: -8.00 DS
- ◊ Abbe

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CALCULATE LCA

LCA = 18.4 / 30

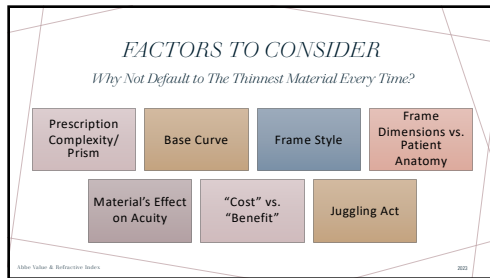
- ◊ Substrate = 1.586_n @ 23 mm
- ◊ P = -8.00 x 2.3 cm
- ◊ Abbe = 30
- ◊ LCA = 0.61[▲] D

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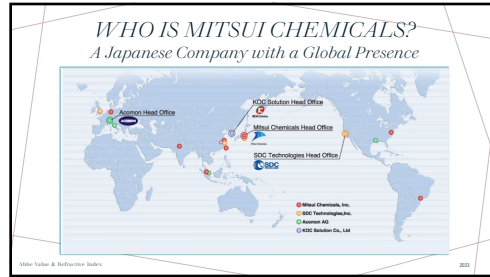
LENS MATERIAL SELECTION

Power Range	Suggested Materials
+2.00D to -2.00D	Low Index Option
+/-2.25D to +/-5.00D	MR-8™ (1.60)
+/-5.25D and Up	MR-7™/ MR-10™ (1.67) • MR-174™ (1.74)

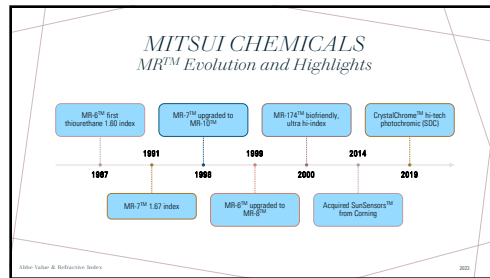
Purpose	Suggested Materials
Industrial Safety/ Sports/ Children	Polycarbonate or Trivex
Monocular Patient	Polycarbonate or Trivex
Drill Mount/ Semi-Rimless	MR-8™ (1.60) • MR-7™/ MR-10™ (1.67)
Tinted Sunglasses	MR-8™ (1.60) • MR-7™/ MR-10™ (1.67)

Guidelines only — Frame type and size can create the need for alternatives.

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	Premium High Index MR Materials				Alternative Materials				
	MR 3™	MR 3™	MR 30™	MR 174™	Poly	AsyR 1.60	CR39	Crown Glass	Trivex
Refractive Index	1.60	1.67	1.67	1.74	1.59	1.60	1.52	1.52	1.53
Abbe Value	41	31	31	32	30	32	36	39	45
Specific Gravity	1.30	1.35	1.37	1.47	1.20	1.38	1.32	2.54	1.11
Heat Distortion Index (°C)	118	85	100	78	142/140	89	85	>430	>266
Tenability	Good	Exc.	Good	OK	Poor	Good	Good	Poor	Exc.
Impact Resistance	Good	Good	Good	Exc.	Poor	OK	OK	Bad	Exc.
Static Load Resistance	Good	Good	Good	OK	Good	Poor	Good	Good	Exc.
Resists Eyewear	Good	OK	Good	Poor	Exc.	OK	Poor	Bad	Exc.
UV Absorption	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

LENS MATERIAL COMPARISON

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PREMIUM HIGH INDEX BENEFITS

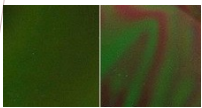
- Enhanced optical performance
- Superior impact resistance
- Excellent UV protection
- Easy to tint
- Excellent scratch resistance
- Enhanced durability for all frame types
- Index-matched hard coat



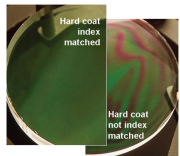
Alloy Value & Refractive Index

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NAME THIS PHENOMENON



WHAT CAUSES BIREFRINGENCE?



Alloy Value & Refractive Index

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HOW TO PRESENT PREMIUM MATERIALS TO YOUR PATIENTS

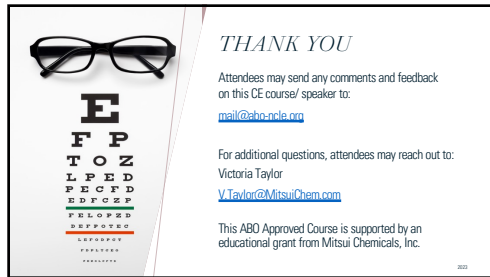
- Discuss Benefits = Perceived Value
- Personal Experience
- Illustrations
- Visual Aids
- Fabricated Examples
- Digital Measuring Device

Alloy Value & Refractive Index

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